

Listing of all pending claims:

1. (Canceled)
2. (Previously Presented) A system for pruning an article, comprising:
a processor circuit having a processor and a memory; and
an original article comprising an amount of text;
article pruning logic stored on the memory and executable by the
processor, the article pruning logic comprising logic to automatically reduce a length
of the original article to fit within a predefined space allocation of a publication
comprising:
logic to create a pruning copy of the original article to be
reduced;
logic to remove an amount of text from the pruning copy,
thereby creating a reduced pruning copy, wherein an amount of text in the
reduced pruning copy is less than the amount of text in the original article; and
logic to determine an informational adequacy of the text of the
reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article.
3. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 2, wherein the logic to
remove an amount of text from the pruning copy further comprises logic to remove a
last paragraph of the pruning copy.
4. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 2, wherein the logic to
determine the informational adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative
to the text of the original article further comprises:
logic to obtain a first value measuring the content of the original article by
performing an analysis of the content of the original article;
logic to obtain a second value measuring the content of the reduced pruning
copy by performing an analysis of the content of the reduced pruning copy; and
logic to compare a ratio of the first value to the second value to a predefined
threshold ratio.

5. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 2, wherein the logic to automatically reduce the length of the original article further comprises logic to discard the original article if the informational adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy is insufficient to publish.

6. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 2, wherein the logic to automatically reduce the length of the original article further comprises logic to include the reduced pruning copy in a publication if the informational adequacy of the reduced pruning copy is sufficient to publish.

7. (Previously Presented) A system for pruning an original article comprising an amount of text, comprising:

means for creating a pruning copy of the original article to be reduced;

means for removing an amount of text from the pruning copy, thereby creating a reduced pruning copy having an amount of text that is less than the amount of text of the original article; and

means for determining an information adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article.

8. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, wherein the means for removing an amount of text from the pruning copy further comprises means for removing a last paragraph of the pruning copy.

9. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, wherein the means for determining an information adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article further comprises:

means for obtaining a first value measuring the content of the original article by performing an analysis of the content of the original article;

means for obtaining a second value measuring the content of the pruning copy by performing an analysis of the content of the pruning copy; and

means for comparing a ratio of the first value to the second value to a predefined threshold ratio.

10. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, further comprising means for discarding the original article if the informational adequacy of the reduced pruning copy is insufficient to publish.

11. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, further comprising means for including the reduced pruning copy in a publication if the informational adequacy of the reduced pruning copy is sufficient to publish.

12. (Canceled)

13. (Previously Presented) A method for pruning an article comprising the steps of:

storing the original article in a memory of the computer system;

creating a pruning copy of the original article to be reduced;

storing the pruning copy in the memory;

removing an amount of text from the pruning copy, thereby creating a reduced pruning copy having an amount of text that is less than the amount of text of the original article; and

determining an information adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the step of removing an amount of text from the pruning copy further comprises the step of removing a last paragraph of the pruning copy.

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the step of determining an information adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article further comprises the steps of:

obtaining a first value measuring the content of the original article by performing an analysis of the content of the original article;

obtaining a second value measuring the content of the pruning copy by performing an analysis of the content of the pruning copy; and

comparing a ratio of the first value to the second value to a predefined threshold ratio.

16. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of discarding the original article the informational adequacy of the reduced pruning copy is insufficient to publish.

17. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, further comprising the step of including the reduced pruning copy in a publication if the informational adequacy of the reduced pruning content is sufficient to publish.

18. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 2, wherein the logic to determine the informational adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article further comprises logic to employs a clustering tool to compare a content of the reduced pruning copy with a content of the original article to determine if the reduced pruning copy clusters with the original article, thereby indicating the informational adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article.

19. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, further comprising means for employing a clustering tool to compare a content of the reduced pruning copy with a content of the original article to determine if the reduced pruning copy clusters with the original article, thereby indicating the informational adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article.

20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the step of determining an information adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article further comprises the step of employing a clustering tool to compare a content of the reduced pruning copy with a content of the original article to determine if the reduced pruning copy clusters with the original article, thereby indicating the informational adequacy of the text of the reduced pruning copy relative to the text of the original article.